



5	EYF\$ K\$1		K\$2				
Reading		Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Phonics and decoding	To enjoy rhyming and rhythmic activities. To show anawareness of rhyme and alliteration. To recognise rhythm in spoken words. To continue a rhyming string. To hear and say the initial sound in words. To segment the sounds in simple words and blend them together and know which letter represents some of them. To link sounds to letters, naming and sounding the letters of the alphabet. To use phonic knowledge to decode regular words and read them aloud accurately. To read some common irregular words	To apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words.  To blend sounds in unfamiliar wordsusing the GPCs that they have been taught.  To respond speedily, giving the correctsound to graphemes for all of the 40+ phonemes.  To read words containing taught GPCs.  To read words containing -s, -es, -ing, -ed and -est endings.  To read words with contractions, e.g. I'm, I'll and we'll.  Real aloud books that are consistent with improving phonic knowledge  Re-read books to build up fluency and confidence in word reading	To continue to apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words until automatic decoding has become embedded and reading is fluent.  To read accurately by blending the sounds in words that contain the graphemes taught so far, especially recognising alternative sounds for graphemes.  To accurately read most words of two or more syllables.  To read most words containing common suffixes  Re-read books to build up fluency and confidence in word reading	To use their phonic knowledge to decode quickly and accurately (may still need support to read longer unknown words).  To apply their growing knowledge of root words and prefixes, including in-, im-, il-, ir-, dis-, mis-, un-, re-, sub-, inter-, super-, anti-and autoto beginto read aloud.*  To apply their growing knowledge of root words and suffixes/word endings, including-ation, ly, -ous, -ture, -sure, -sion, -tion, -ssion Qand -cian, to begin to read aloud.*	To read most words fluently and attempt to decode any unfamiliar words with increasing speed andskill.  To apply their knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes/word endings to read aloud fluently.*	To read most words fluently and attempt to decode any unfamiliar words with increasing speed and skill, recognising their meaning through contextual cues.  To apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes/ word endings, including -sion, -tion, -cial, -tial, -ant/-ance/-ancy, -ant/-ence/-ency, -able/-ably and -ible/ibly, to read aloud fluently.*	To read fluently with full knowledge of all Y5/ Y6 exception words, root words, prefixes, suffixes/word endings* and to decode any unfamiliar words with increasing speed and skill, recognising their meaning through contextual cues.

Common exception word:	To read some common irregular words	To read Y1 common exception words, noting unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and where these occur in words.	To read most Y1 and Y2 common exception words*, noting unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and where these occur in the	To begin to read Yr 3/4 common exception words	To read all Yr 3/4 common exception words, discussing the unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and where these occur	To read most Y5/ Y6 exception words, discussing the unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and where these occur in the word.	
Fluency	To show interest in illustrations and print in books and print in the environment.  To recognise familiar words and signs such as own name and advertising logos.  To look and handle books independently (holds books the correct way up and turns pages).  To ascribe meanings to marks that they see in different places.  To begin to break the flow of speech into words.  To begin to read words and simple sentences.	To accurately read texts that are consistent with their developing phonic knowledge, that do not require them to use other strategies to work out words.  To reread texts to build up fluency and confidence in word reading.	word.  To read aloud books (closely matched to their improving phonic knowledge), sounding out unfamiliar words accurately, automatically and without undue hesitation.  To reread these books to build up fluency and confidence in word reading.  To read words accurately and fluently without overt sounding and blending, e.g. at over 90 words per minute, in age-appropriate texts.		in the word. orehension skills should be to	aking precedence over teach	
Understanding and self- correction	To know that print carries meaning and, in English, is read from left to right and top to bottom.  To understand humour, e.g. nonsense rhymes, jokes.	To check that a text makes sense to them as they read and to self- correct.	To show understanding by drawing on what they already know or on background information and vocabulary provided by the teacher.  To check that the text makes sense to them as they read and to correct inaccurate reading.				

	у.
- 1	
•	
	ю
7	Ē
•	v
- 1	E
- 2	=
- 1	E
	•
•	Ð
	ú
•	_
	×
	2
- 1	٥
	=
	ø
-	_
- 1	d
- 7	-
	6
•2	
- 4	ø
•	۰
- 1	8
	ď
- 3	
-	2
	ď
- 2	=
	v
•	υ
	÷
- 1	Э.
•	
	=
•	E
	=
	ø
- 7	ħ
- 9	ᆮ
1	ď
- 7	ā
٠.	z
·	,
-	_

5

To listen to stories with increasing attention and recall.

To anticipate key events and phrases in rhymes and stories.

To begin to be aware of the

way stories are structured.

To describe main story settings, events and principal characters.

To enjoy an increasing range of books.

To follow a story without pictures or props.

To listen to stories, accurately anticipating key events and respond to what they hear with relevant comments, questions or actions.

To demonstrate understanding when talking with others about what they have read.

To listen to and discuss a wide range of fiction, non-fiction and poetry at a level beyond that at which they can read independently.

To link what they have readorhavereadtothem to their own experiences.

To retell familiar stories in increasing detail.

To join in with discussions about a text, taking turns and listening to what others say.

To discuss the significance of titles and events.

To participate in discussion about books, poems and other works that are read to them (at a level beyond at which they can read independently) and those that they can read for themselves, explaining their understanding and expressing their views.

To become increasingly familiar with and to retell a wide range of stories, fairy stories and traditional tales.

To discuss the sequence of events in books and how items of information are related.

To recognise simple recurring literary language in stories and poetry.

To ask and answer questions about atext.

Tomakelinks between the text they are reading and other texts they have read (in texts that they can read independently). To recognise, listen to and discuss a wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books or textbooks.

To use appropriate terminology when discussing texts (plot, character, setting).

To discuss and compare texts from a wide variety of genres and writers.

To read for a range of purposes.

To identify themes and conventions in a wide range of books.

To refer to authorial style, overall themes (e.g. triumph of good over evil) and features (e.g. greeting in letters, a diary written in the first person or the use of presentational devices such as numbering and headings).

To identify how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning.

To identify main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph and summarise these. To read a wide range of genres, identifying the characteristics of text types (such as the use of the first person in writing diaries and autobiographies) and differences between text types.

To participate in discussions about books that are read to them and those they can read for themselves, building on their own and others' ideas and challenging views courteously.

To identify main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph and to summarise these.

To recommend texts to peers based on personal choice.

To read for pleasure, discussing, comparing and evaluating in depth across a wide range of genres, including myths, legends, traditional stories, modern fiction, fiction from our literary heritage and books from other cultures and traditions.

To recognise more complex themes in what they read (such as loss or heroism).

To explain and discuss their understanding of what they have read, including through formal presentations and debates

To draw out key information and to summarise the main ideas in a text.

To distinguish independently between statements of fact and opinion, providing reasoned justifications for their views.

To compare characters, settings and themes within a text and across more than one text.

Words in context and authorial choice	To build up vocabulary that reflects the breadth of their experiences.  To extend vocabulary, especially by grouping and naming, exploring the meaning and sounds of new words.  To use vocabulary and forms of speech that are increasingly influenced by their experiences of books.	To discuss word meaning and link new meanings to those already known.	To discuss and clarify the meanings of words, linking new meanings to known vocabulary.  To discuss their favourite words and phrases.	To check that the text makes sense to them, discussing their understanding and explaining the meaning of words in context.  To discuss authors' choice of words and phrases for effect.	Discuss vocabulary used to capture readers' interest and imagination.	To discuss vocabulary used by the author to create effect including figurative language.  To evaluate the use of authors' language and explain how it has created an impact on the reader.	To analyse and evaluate the use of language, including figurative language and how it is used for effect, using technical terminology such as metaphor, simile, analogy, imagery, style and effect.
Inference and prediction	To suggest how a story might end.  To begin to understand 'why' and 'how' questions.  To answer 'how' and 'why' questions about their experiences and in response to stories or events.	To begin to make simple inferences.  To predict what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far.	To make inferences on the basis of what is being said and done.  To predict what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far in a text.	To ask and answer questions appropriately, including some simple inference questions based on characters' feelings, thoughts and motives.  To justify predictions using evidence from the text.	To draw inferences from characters' feelings, thoughts and motives that justifies their actions, supporting their views with evidence from the text.  To justify predictions from details stated and implied.	To draw inferences from characters' feelings, thoughts and motives.  To make predictions based on details stated and implied, justifying them in detail with evidence from the text.	To consider different accounts of the same event and to discuss viewpoints (both of authors and of fictional characters).  To discuss how characters change and develop through texts by drawing inferences based on indirect clues.